

Figure 1: Examples of Chemically Stabilized Enzymatic Nucleic Acid motifs

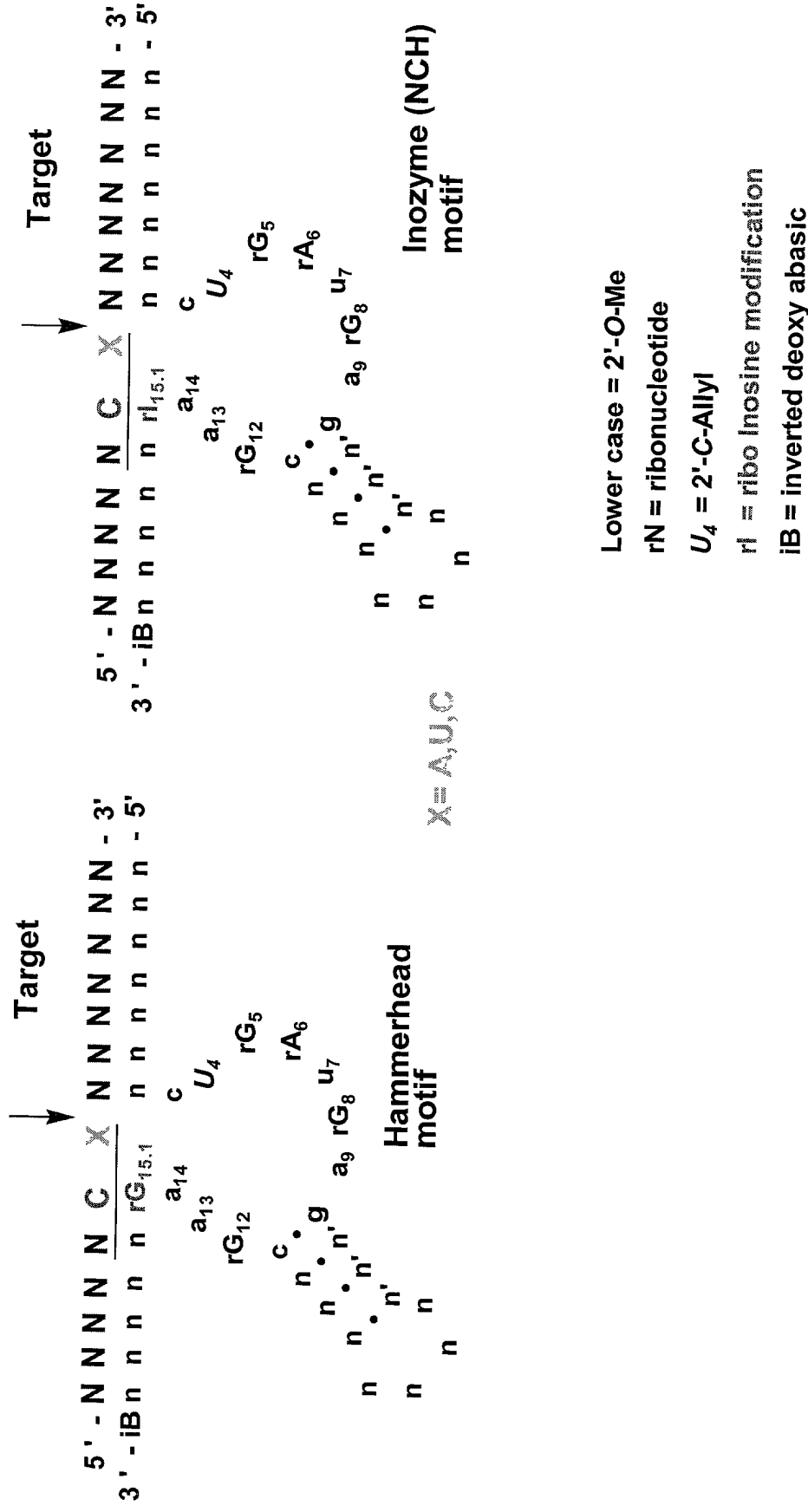


Figure 2: G-cleaver Motif

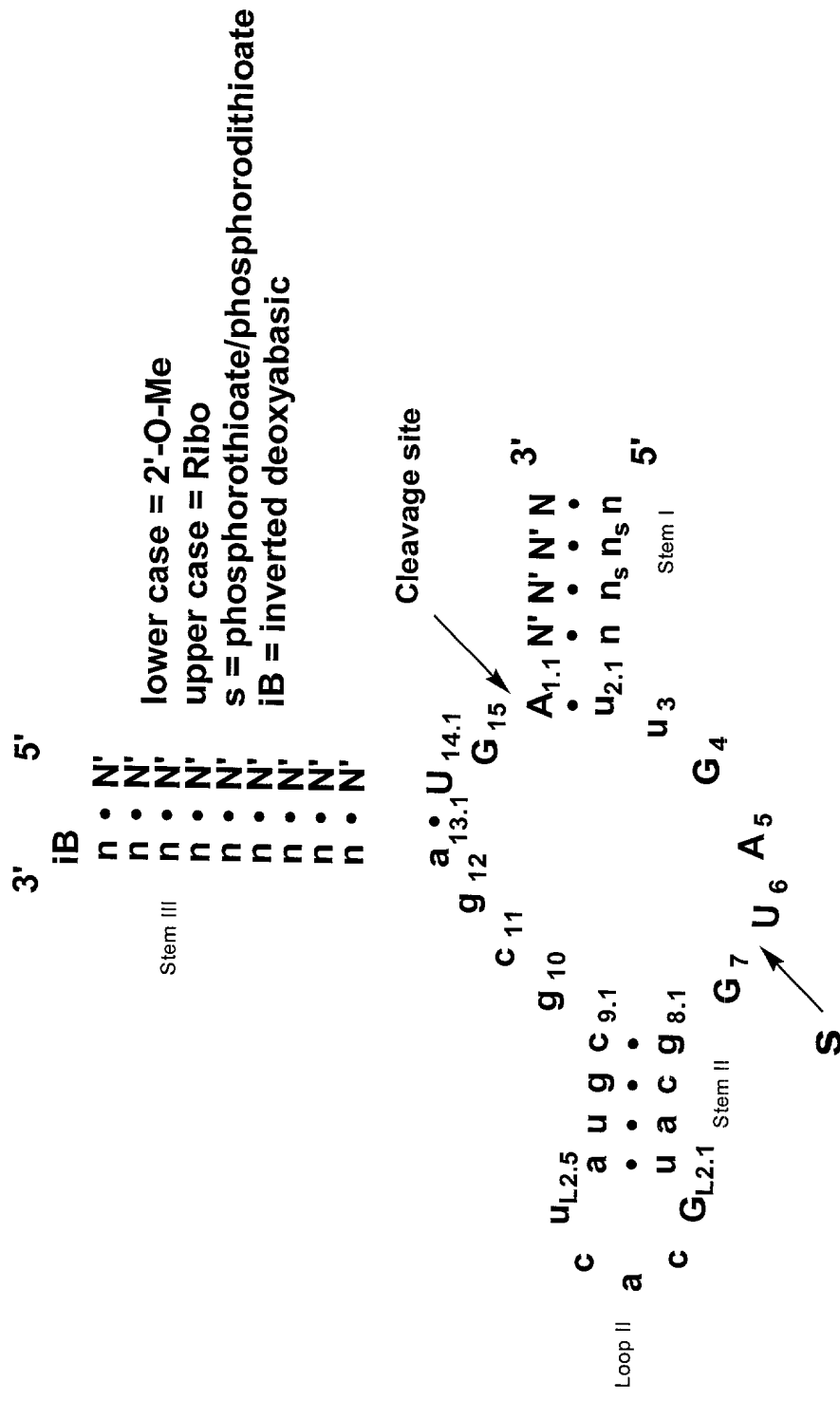
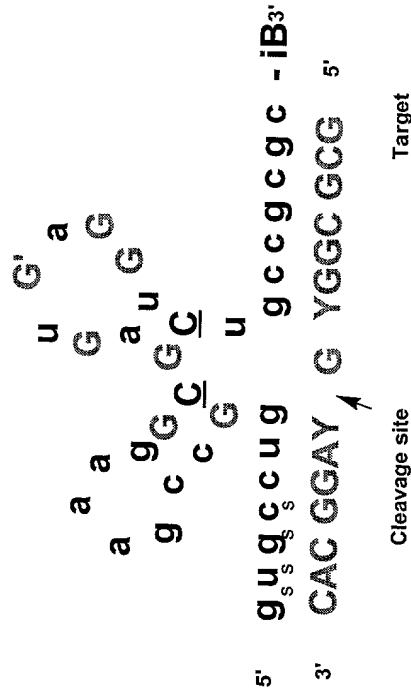


Figure 3: Chemically Stabilized Zinzyme Motif



Legend

Uppercase indicates natural ribo residues

C indicates 2'-deoxy-2'-amino cytidine

Lowercase: 2'-O- Me

Subscript _s indicates phosphothioate linkage

iB: 3'-3' abasic moiety

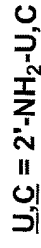
Y = U or C

G' can be G, ca, or caa

The gaaa tetraloop can be replaced by 18 atom polyethylene glycol (Spacer) or equivalent

All ribo G's in the Zinzyme can be replaced with 2'-O-methyl G, or combinations thereof

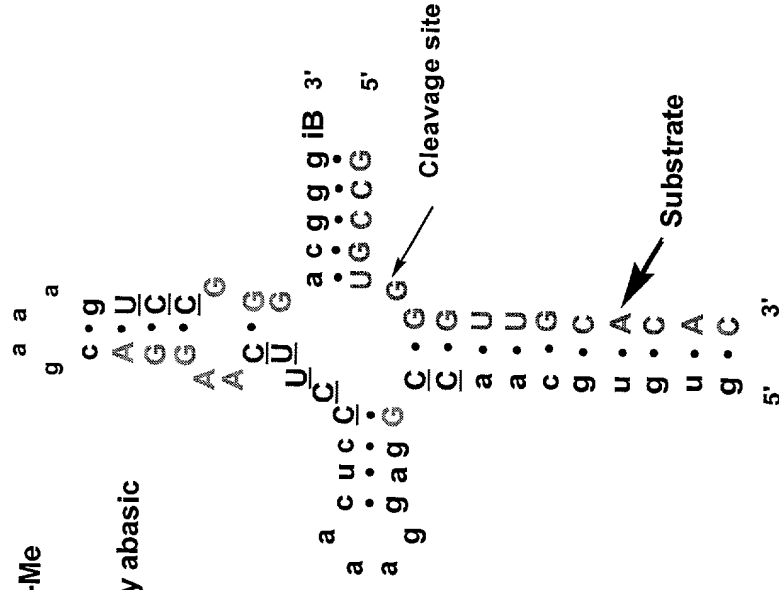
Figure 4. Chemically Stabilized Amberzyme Motif



Lower case = 2'-O-Me

uppercase = Rbo

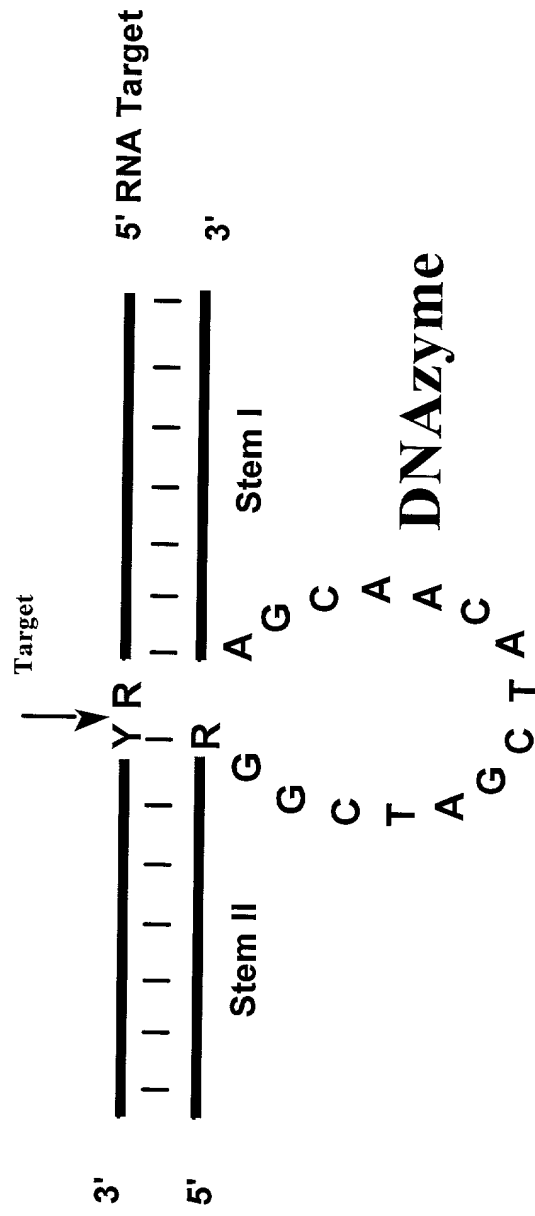
iB = inverted deoxy abasic



The *gaa* loops may be replaced with loops of differing nucleic acid compositions, or with a linker, for example an 18 atom polyethylene glycol (Spacer) or equivalent.

Phosphorothioate linkages can be introduced, for example, at the 4' terminal 5'-internucleotide linkages, to increase nuclease stability.

Figure 5: DNAzyme Motif



Legend

Y = U or C

R = A or G

FIGURE 6 *Dual Reporter System for Cytoplasmic HCV Target*

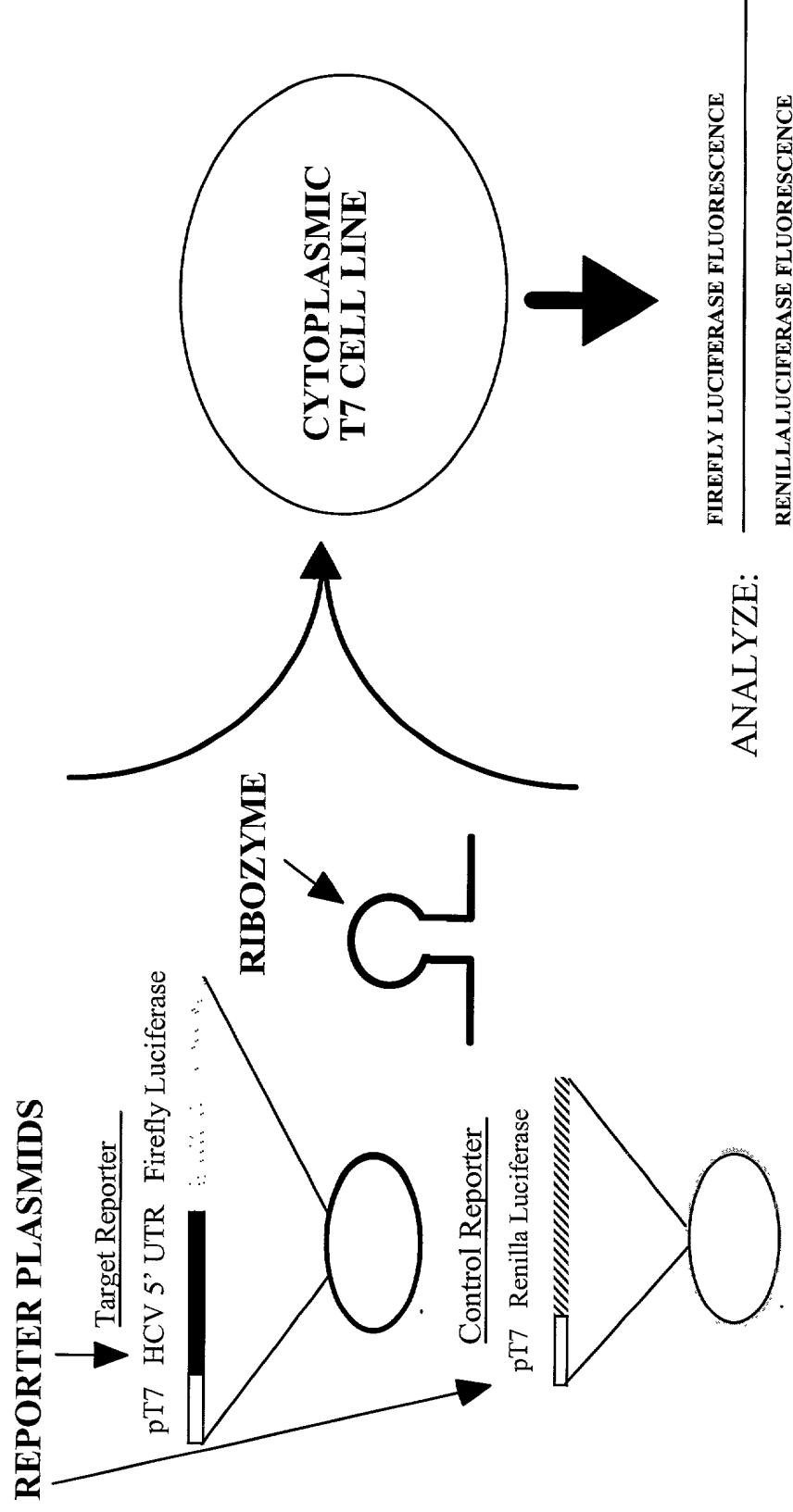


Figure 7: Secondary structure of the HCV 5'UTR

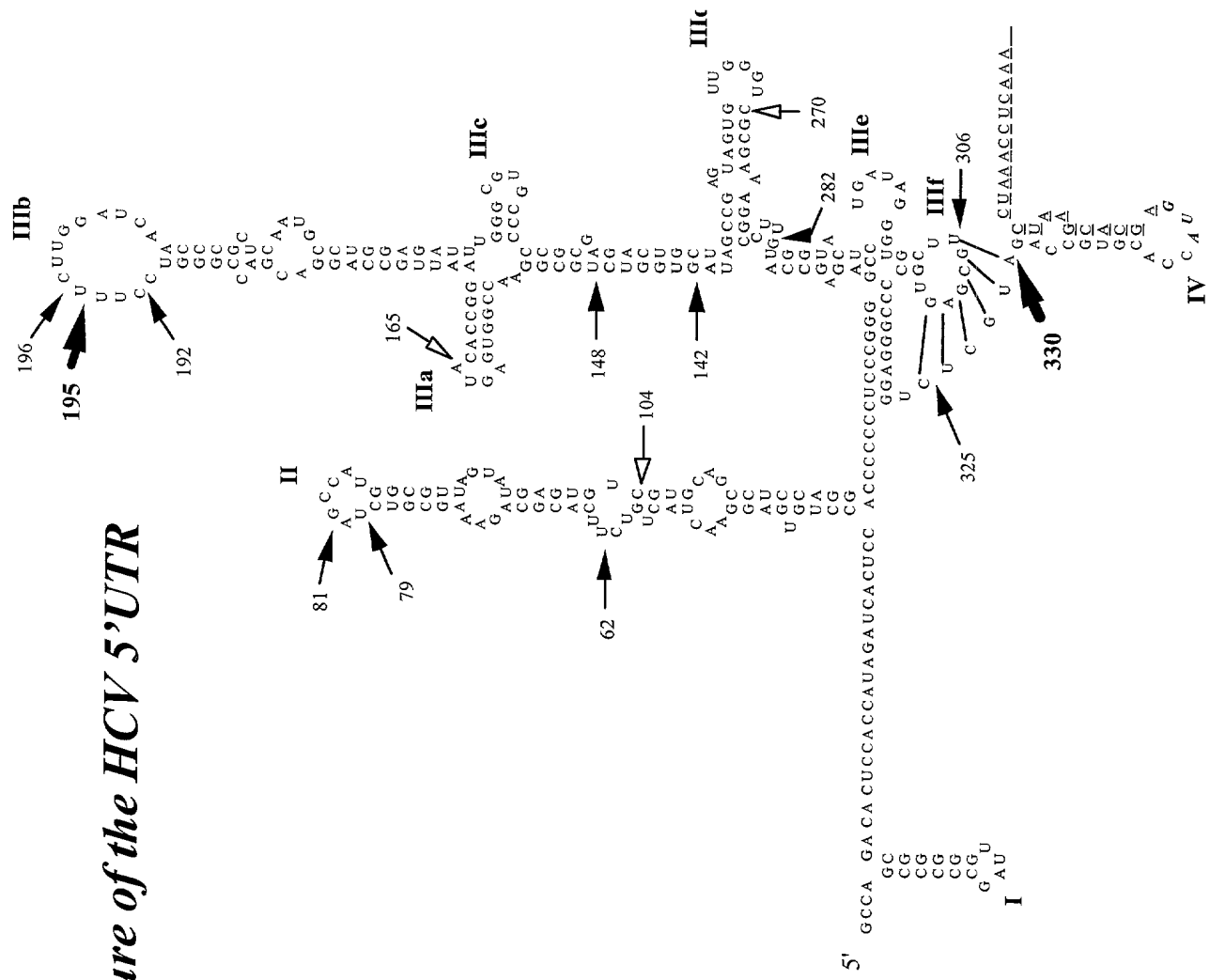
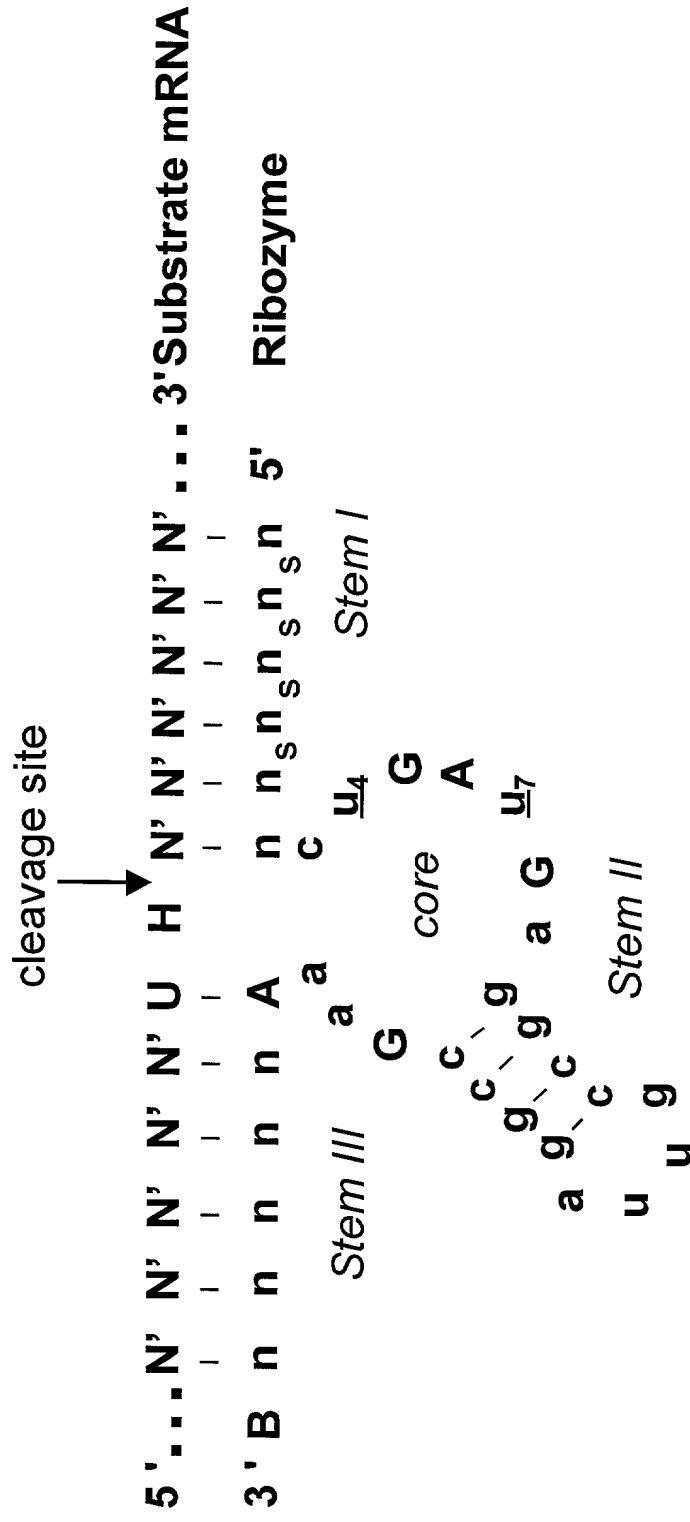


Figure 8: A Chemically Stabilized Enzymatic Nucleic Acid Molecule



UPPER CASE = RIBO nucleotide

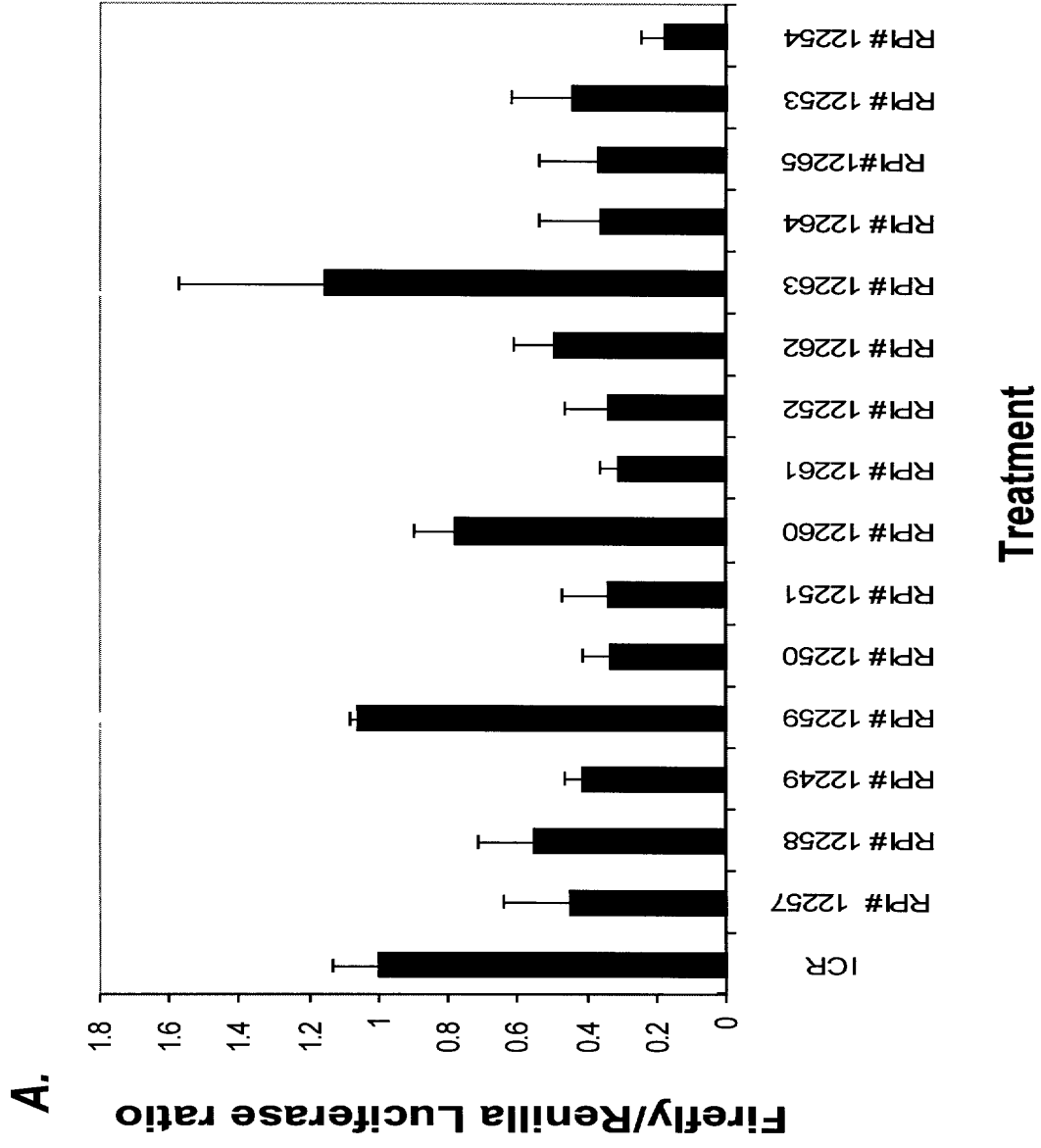
lower case = 2'-O-methyl nucleotide

u = 2'-deoxy-2'-amino Uridine

s = phosphorothioate

B = inverted deoxyabasic moiety

**Figure 9: Enzymatic nucleic acid mediated inhibition of HCV-
luciferase expression**



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luciferase expression**

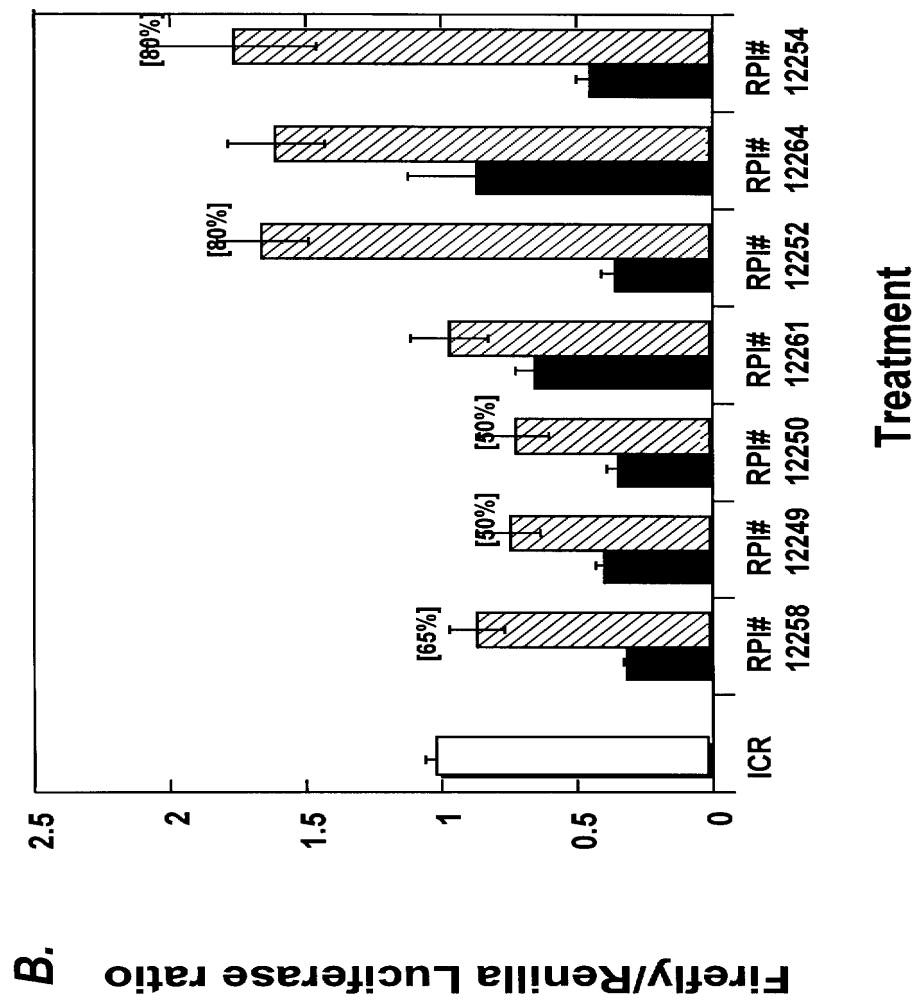


Figure 10: Dose-dependent enzymatic nucleic acid inhibition of HCV/luciferase expression

A.

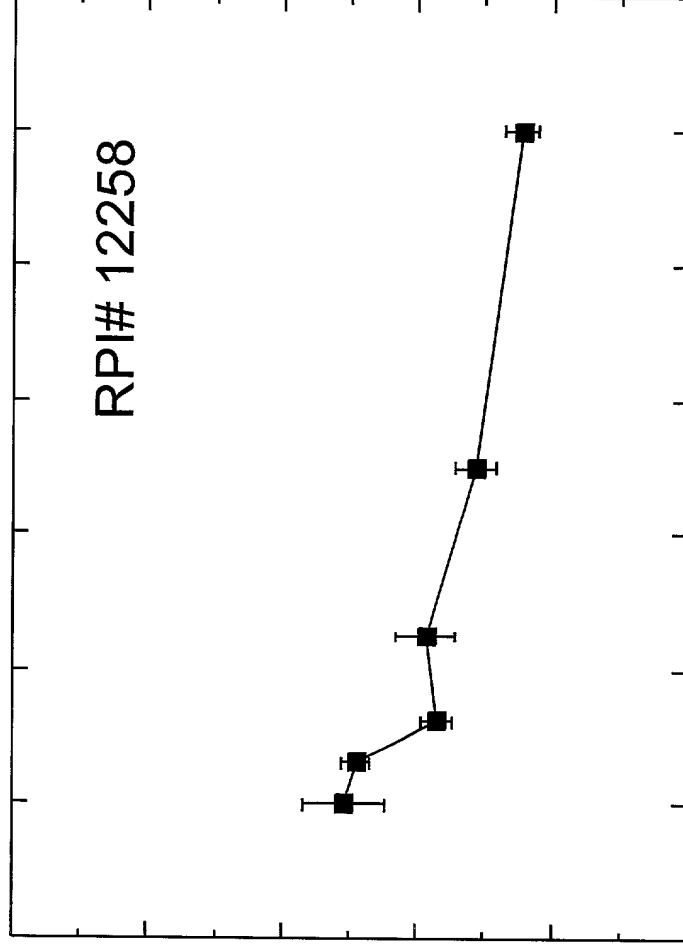


Figure 10: Dose-dependent enzymatic nucleic acid inhibition of HCV/luciferase expression

B.

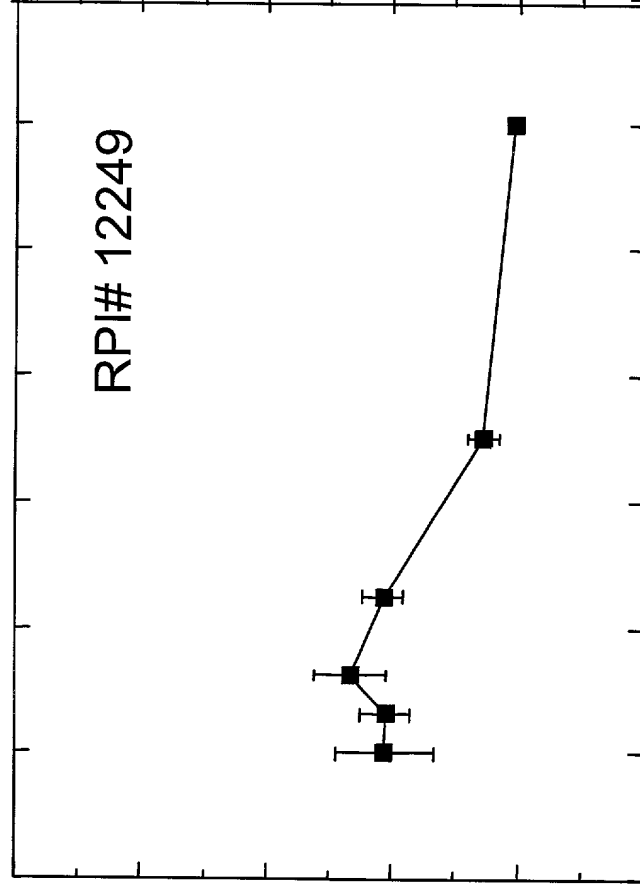


Figure 10: Dose-dependent enzymatic nucleic acid inhibition of HCV/luciferase expression

C.

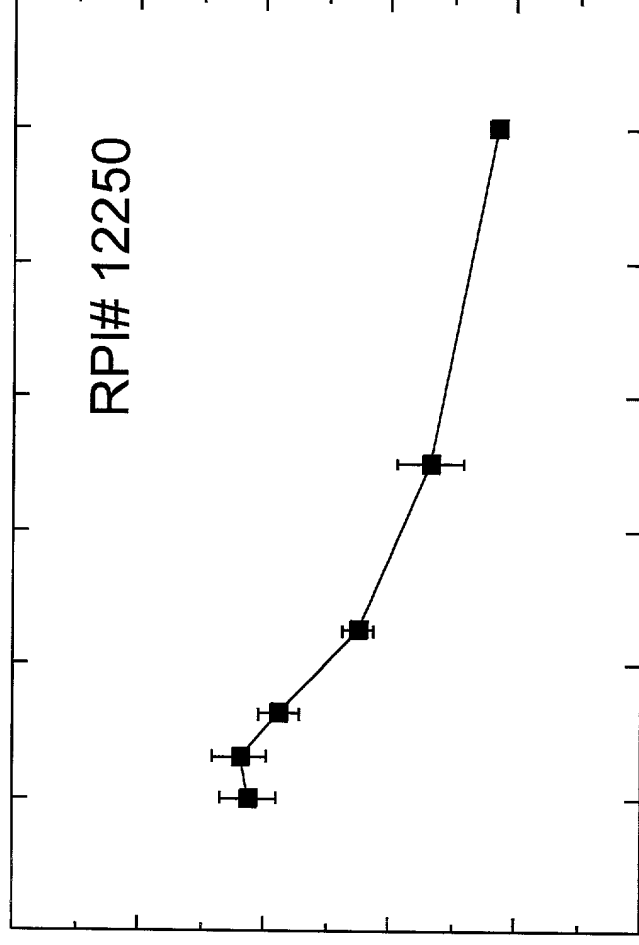


Figure 10: Dose-dependent enzymatic nucleic acid inhibition of HCV/luciferase expression

D.

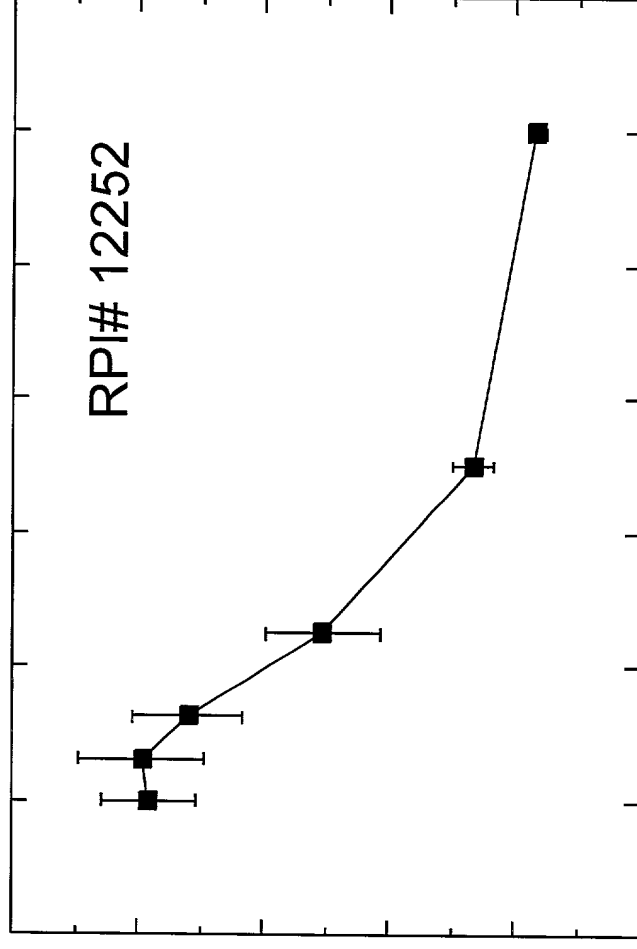


Figure 10: Dose-dependent enzymatic nucleic acid inhibition of HCV/luciferase expression

E.

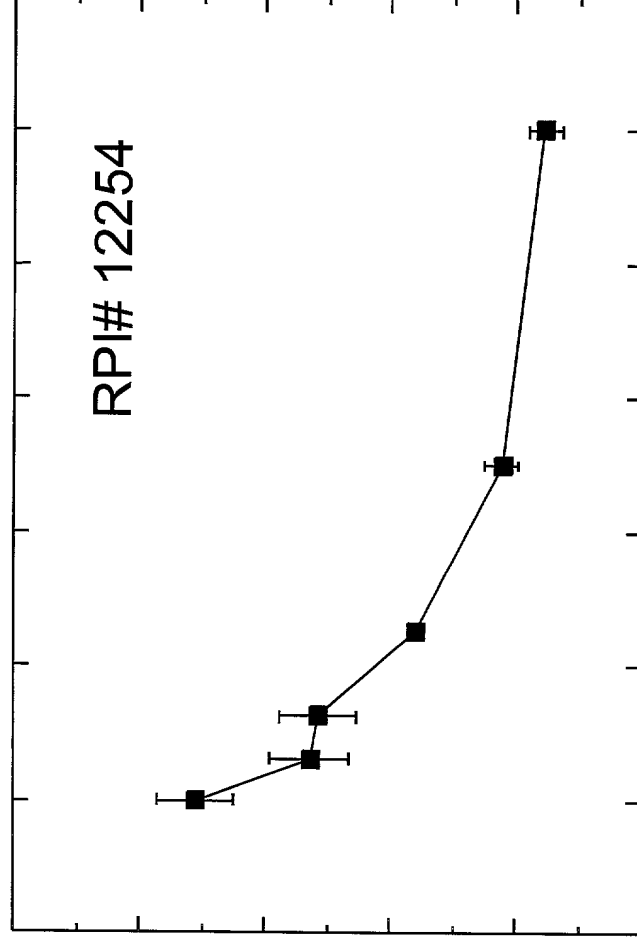


Figure 11: Enzymatic nucleic acid reduction of HCV/luciferase RNA and inhibition of HCV-luciferase expression

A.

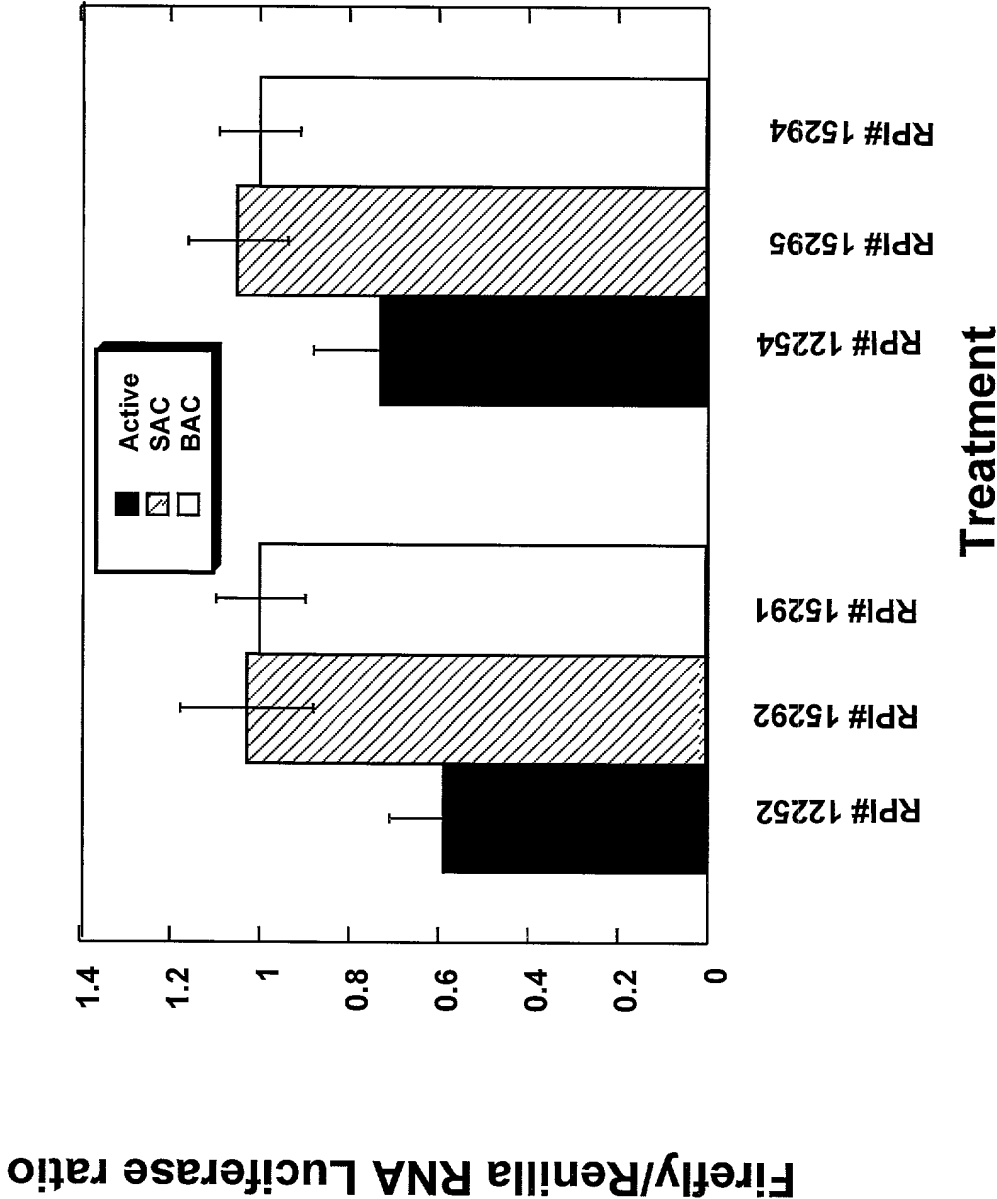


Figure 11: Enzymatic nucleic acid reduction of HCV/luciferase RNA and inhibition of HCV-luciferase expression

B.

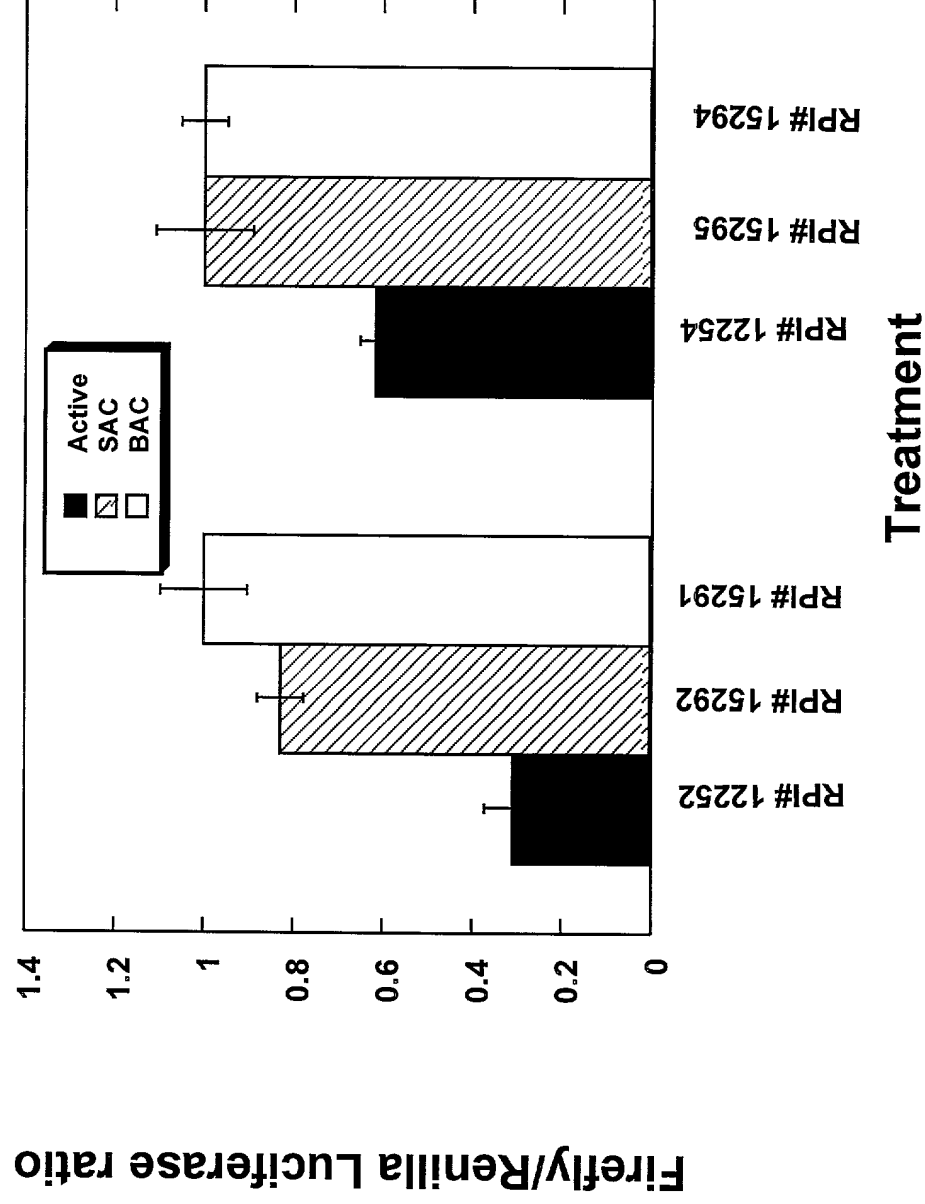
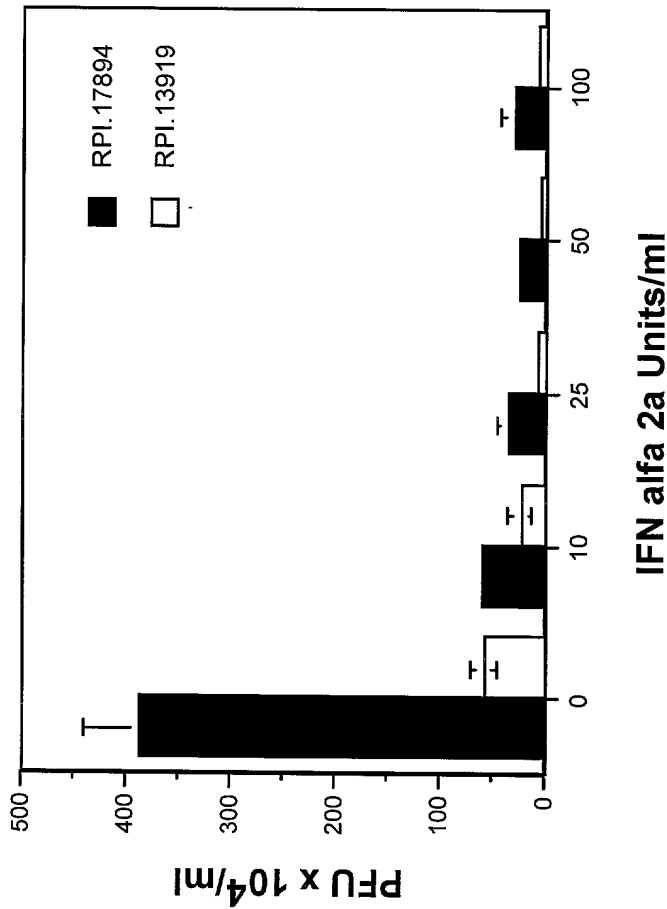
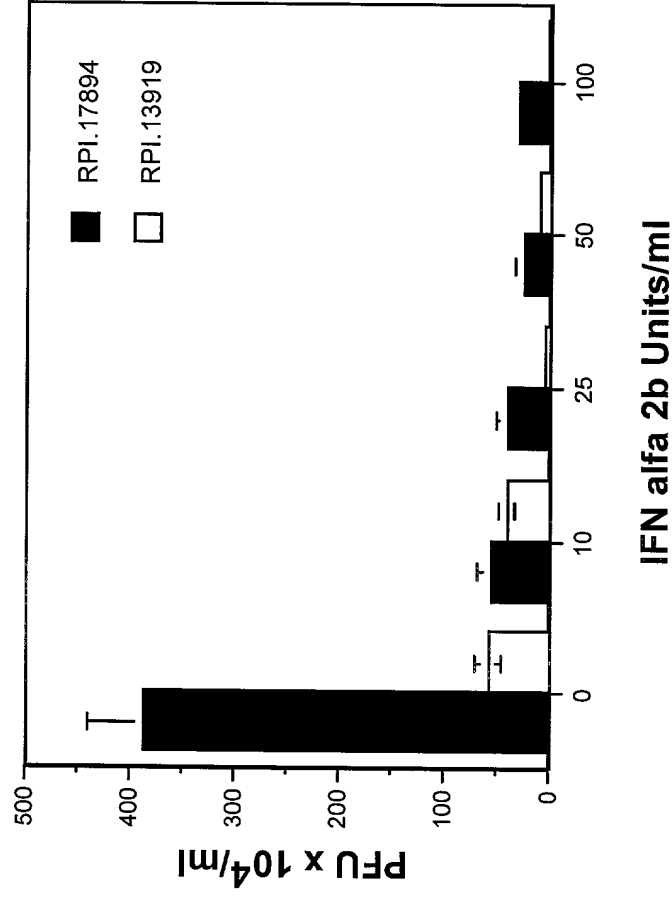


Figure 12: Interferon Dose response with Enzymatic Nucleic Acid



A.

Figure 12: Interferon Dose response with Enzymatic Nucleic Acid



B.

Figure 13: Site 195 anti-HCV enzymatic nucleic acid dose response in combination with interferon pretreatment

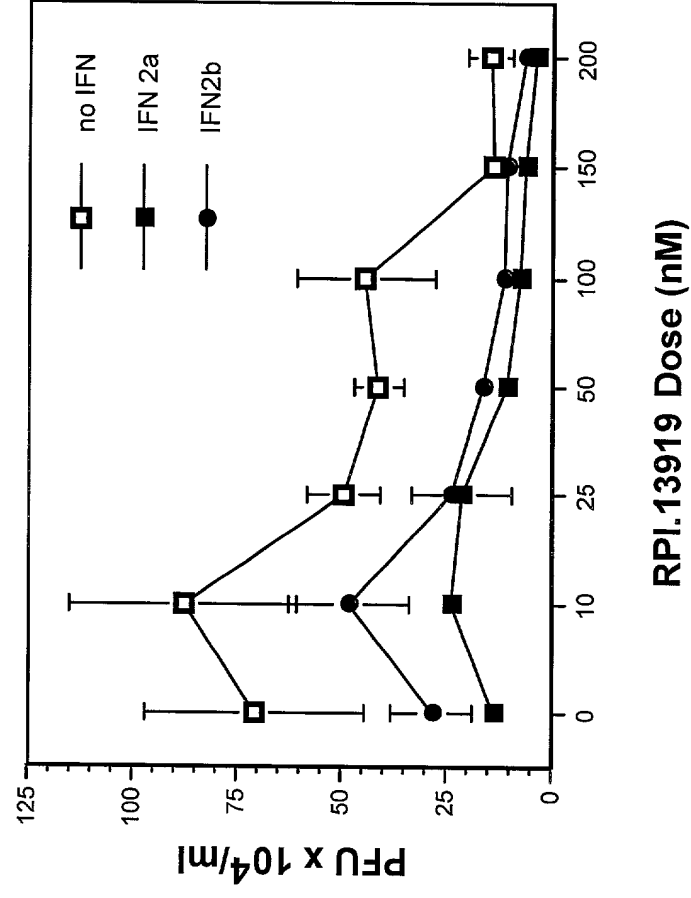


Figure 14A: CIFN dose response with site 195 anti-HCV enzymatic nucleic acid treatment

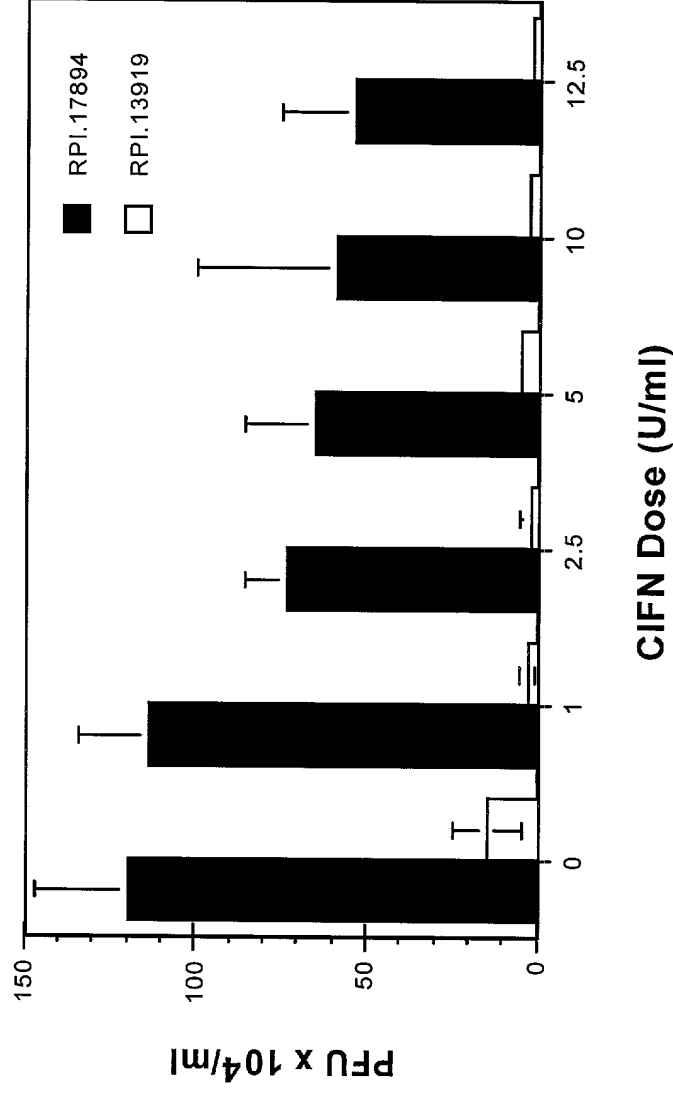


Figure 14B: Site 195 anti-HCV enzymatic nucleic acid dose response with CIFN pretreatment

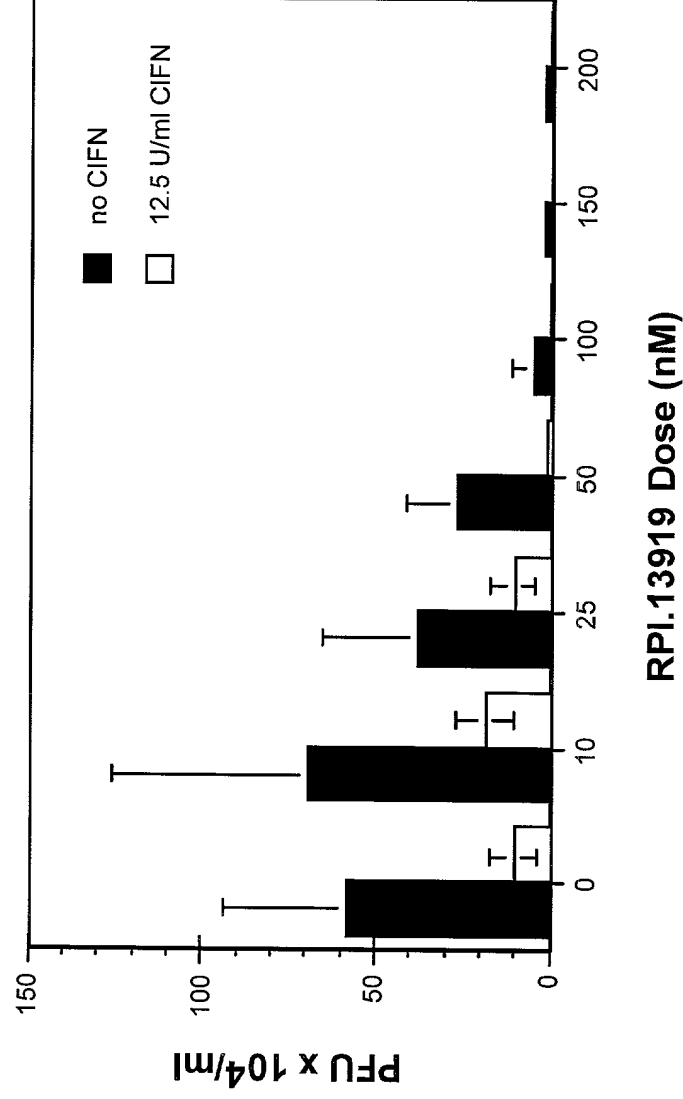
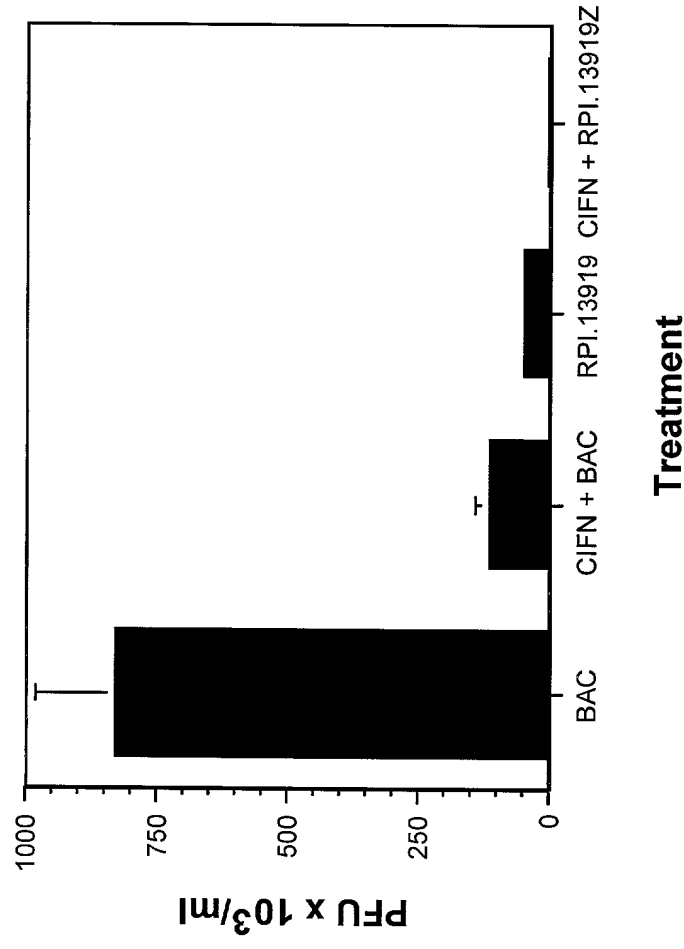


Figure 15: Enhanced antiviral effect of an anti-HCV enzymatic nucleic acid targeting site 195 used in combination with consensus interferon (CIFN)



**Figure 16: Inhibition of HCV-PV Replication
by Zinzyme Treatment**

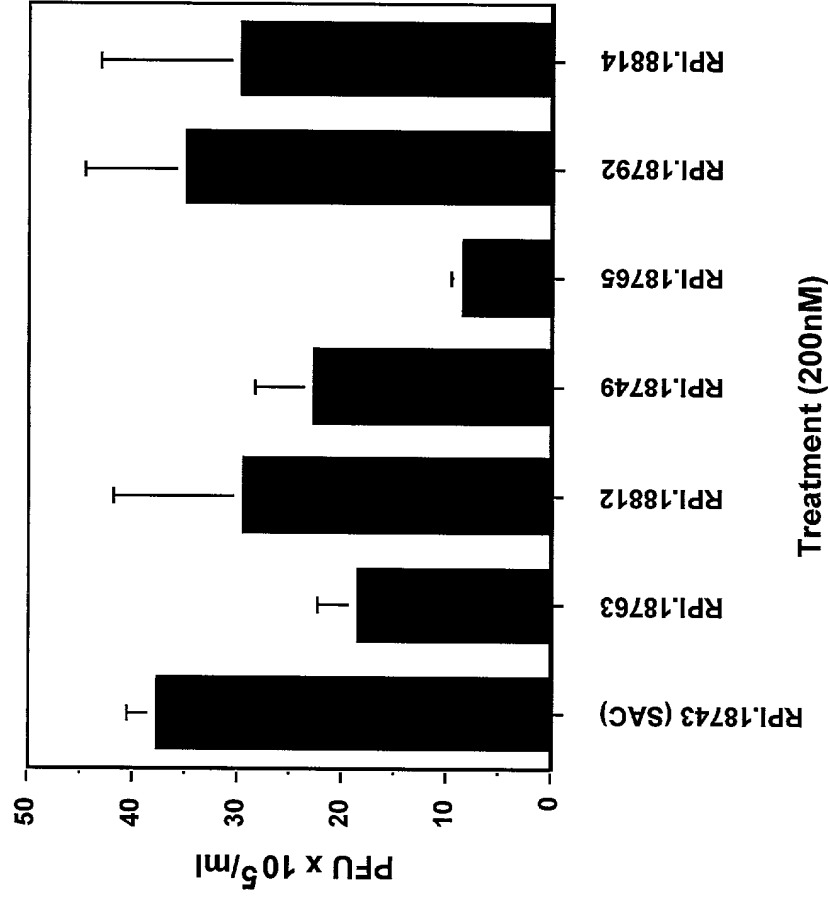


Figure 17: Inhibition of HCV-Poliovirus Replication by Antisense

